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Dr. J. Basil Goodey
1914—1965
OBITUARY

JOHN BASIL GOODEY
died 30th October 1965

John Basil Goodey was born at Dorridge, Warwickshire, on 10th May 1914 and educated at City of London School and University College, London. His training was mainly as a botanist and, after obtaining his B.Sc. degree in 1937, he continued at University College as Quain Student in Botany for two years teaching and demonstrating to botany students. Being a Quaker he did not enter the armed forces when war broke out but was engaged in farming and Quaker relief work. From 1943 to 1947 he worked in the Oil Seeds and Weed Control Unit first at Imperial College and later at the Department of Agriculture, Oxford. In 1947 he joined his father in the Nematology Department then situated at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine Field Station, Winches Farm, St. Albans, which moved a year later to Rothamsted Experimental Station.

Until his father's death in 1953, he worked mainly on nematodes of the genus *Ditylenchus* but he afterwards widened his interests and gradually took his father's place as the leading British authority for the identification and classification of plant and soil nematodes. During 18 years he published over 60 scientific papers and also undertook the revision of his father's books. "Laboratory methods for work with plant and soil nematodes" was revised and enlarged three times. "The nematode parasites of plants catalogued under their hosts" was revised and extended and, shortly before his death, an entirely new revision of the catalogue was prepared with the help of Dr. Mary T. Franklin and Mr. David J. Hooper and will appear shortly. His greatest contribution to nematology, however, and one which brought world recognition, was the complete revision of "Soil and freshwater nematodes" with its many new descriptions and redescriptions of genera and a new classification of major groups.

Basil Goodey was awarded Ph.D., and D.Sc., degrees of London University in 1951 and 1961 respectively and became a Fellow of the Institute of Biology in 1964. He was invited to lecture at a nematology course at Cornell University in 1962 and assisted in a complete course at the Indian Agricultural Research Institute, New Delhi in 1964 under the aegis of the Rockefeller Foundation. From 1959 he served on the Editorial board of *Nematologica* where, by his influence and by publishing "Data to be considered, observed and, where possible, reported upon when presenting descriptions of new species", he strove to improve the standards of drawing and describing nematodes. He was never happier than when advising, teaching or serving others. Because of him many students as well as experienced nematologists from home and abroad came to Rothamsted to learn to identify nematodes or to study some problem in classification or bionomics.